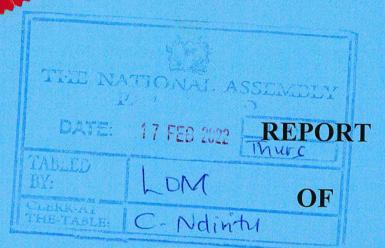


Enhancing Accountability



THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

KENYA URBAN WATER AND SANITATION OBA PROJECT FUND FOR LOW INCOME AREAS (PROJECT GRANT CREDIT NUMBER TF 016395-KE)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021

WATER SECTOR TRUST FUND

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KENYA URBAN WATER AND SANITATION (KUWAS) OBA PROJECT FUND FOR LOW INCOME AREAS P132979

IMPLEMENTED BY WATER SECTOR TRUST FUND (WSTF)

PROJECT GRANT/CREDIT NUMBER TF 016395-KE

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

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1. PROJECT INFORMATION AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE

1.1 Name and registered office

Name: The project's official name is Kenya Urban Water and Sanitation (KUWAS) OBA Project Fund for Low Income Areas,

Objective: The key objective of the project is to increase the number of people in low income areas with access to improved water supply and sanitation services in Kenyan towns and cities.

Address: The project headquarters offices are Nairobi (city), Nairobi County, Kenya.

The address of its registered office is:

CIC Plaza Mara Road PO Box 49699-00100 Nairobi, Kenya Tel: 254-20-272 0696

Contacts: The following are the project contacts

Telephone: 254-20-272 0696

E-mail: ismail.shaiye@waterfund.go.ke

Website: www.waterfund.go.ke

1.2 Project Information

Project Start Date:	01/12/2014
Project End Date:	30/11/2020
Project Manager:	Fidelis Tamangani
Project Sponsor:	World Bank

1.3 Project Overview

Line Ministry/State Department of the project	Ministry of Water and Sanitation.
Project number	TF 016395-KE
Strategic goals of the project	The objective of the program is to improve the operating efficiency and financial performance of WSPs, and to extend access to unserved consumers. Once the projects are complete and pre-agreed targets set for the project have been achieved, the WSPs will be eligible for up to 60 percent subsidy of the

	commercial loans borrowed. The subsidies are disbursed towards partial loan repayment.
	In recognition of the need to reduce grant financing for commercially viable water utilities and in order to introduce a new business model to water financing, the Result Based Financing (RBF) programme is supporting water utilities that
	are investing in water supply and sanitation improvement projects in the low-income and underserved rural and urban areas in Kenya. The Water Service Providers (WSPs) are able to leverage loans from local financing institutions, which are then subsidised at a percentage of the project cost on attainment of agreed deliverables.
Achievement of strategic goals	The projects to be implemented by the water utilities are pre-financed with commercial loans from domestic lenders in Kenya on market terms for construction of water supply and sanitation services infrastructure. The loans will support investments linked to the following:
	 Construction/expansion of water and sewer networks to reach unserved consumers; Rehabilitation/improvement of existing networks e.g. the non-revenue water reduction programme; Water and/or sewer connections to households and public points; and Water and sewer treatment facilities.
	After completion of their projects, the water utilities are incentivised through applying one-off subsidies provided under the RBF sub-programmes for up to 60%.
	To facilitate the uptake of the RBF subsidies, the water utilities' projects are prefinanced with commercial loans from local lenders. The RBF programme is currently working with four commercial banks, namely Sidian Bank, Kenya Commercial Bank (KCB), Co-operative Bank and Housing Finance, which have access to a 50% guarantee provided by USAID. Other banks, including Equity Bank, Family Bank, CBA and ABC Bank, have also been approached by the Water Fund and have shown interest in financing the water utilities under the
	programme.

Other	impo	rtant
backgr	ound	
inform	ation	of
the pro	ject	

The Results-Based Financing (RBF) investment programme is a commercial financing facility that became operational in WSTF in December 2014 after the Government of Kenya signed a Grant Subsidiary Agreement with the German Development Bank (KfW) and the World Bank. The Swedish International Development Agency (SIDA) provided a grant for 11.835 million USD through the World Bank Output-Based Aid (OBA) project.

Over the last few years, Kenya has been classified as lower middle income country. This comes with the consequences reduced support and official development assistance. This has precipitated the dwindling resources in the water sector against the need for increased water and sanitation access. The foregoing background therefore calls for innovative financing to meet the needs in the sector. As a result, the World Bank having piloted the programme initially scaled it up starting 2014 with WSTF identified as the Executing Agency. The programme targeted the most vulnerable residents of low income areas of urban cities, towns as well as peri-urban areas. The programme therefore mobilized resources and implemented 10 projects that are addressing sanitation and water challenges.

Current situation that the project was formed to intervene

The program has also disbursed subsidies to the five projects for those that are ongoing and those fully completed totalling KShs. 160.89 million by 30 June 2019. An additional 9 water utilities are currently accessing technical assistance funding in excess of KShs. 35 million for project proposal development, after which they will be eligible to access commercial loans from local lenders. The 9 projects are estimated to cost in excess of KShs. 1.5 billion and will access subsidies of over KShs. 850 million after fully achieving the pre-agreed targets.

The RBF program has reached out to a total of 11,172 households or 54,573 people in low income areas with improved water and sanitation services. The primary beneficiaries reached are categorized as 66,735 people accessing individual water connections, 6,578 people accessing water kiosks and 420 people accessing yard taps. The program is targeting to reach at least 120,000 people with access to clean water and sanitation services by 30 November 2020.

Project duration

The project started on 1st December 2014 and ran until 30 November 2020.

1.4 Bankers

National Bank of Kenya National Bank Building Harambee Avenue, Nairobi P.O BOX 72866-00200 Nairobi

1.5 Auditors

Office of the Auditor General. Anniversary Towers, University Way P.O. Box 30084 0100 Nairobi.

1.6 Roles and Responsibilities

Names	Title	Key qualification	Responsibilities
Fidelis Tamangani	designation Programme Manager	Masters in Business Administration, Bachelor of Science Natural Resources Management & Agriculture;	 Baseline Study & Reporting Verification of Satisfactory Provision of Outputs Assess compliance with project rules and procurement and safeguards requirements Preparation of Outputs Verification Report
Panuel Nyaga	Senior Procurement Officer	Post Graduate Diploma – Purchasing and Supplies MSC Procurement and Logistics Bachelor of Commerce - Marketing	Support Project Procurement Processes
Mathew Karanja	Senior Finance Officer	Certified Public Accountant (CPA - K) Masters in Project Planning and Management Bachelor of Commerce, Finance	Preparation of project financial statements and reporting.

1.7 Funding summary

The Project is for duration of 6 years from 2014 to November 2020 with an approved budget of US\$ 11.835 equivalent to KShs 1,183,500,000 as highlighted in the table below:

Below is the funding summary:

Source of funds	Donor Com	mitment-	Amount rec (30.06.2021)	eived to date –	Undrawn ba (30.06.2021)	lance to date
	Donor currency	KShs	Donor currency	KShs	Donor currency	KShs
0.00	(A)	(A')	(B)	(B')	(A)- (B)	(A')- (B')
(i) Grant						
World	11,107,000	1,110,700,000	10,459,260	1,039,660,980	647,740	71,039,020
Bank						
Total	11,107,000	1,110,700,000	10,459,260	1,039,660,980	647,740	71,039,020

1.8 Summary of Overall Project Performance:

Since inception of the program in December 2014, the OBA program has supported nine (9) water and sanitation improvement projects valued at KShs. 1.37 billion. A total of 14 WSP have accessed technical assistance funding amounting to Kshs. 66.96 million for the development of bankable proposals and projects supervision by June 30, 2021. Out of the 14 projects, 9 viable projects have a loan portfolio valued at Kshs. 1.37 billion. The loans are disbursed through four commercial banks namely Sidian bank (Kshs. 253 million), Co-op bank (Kshs. 995 million), Family bank (Kshs. 117 million).

The program has disbursed 60 percent subsidies totalling Kshs. 819 million to nine subprojects by June 30th, 2021. The 60 percent subsidy was disbursed to Embu (Kshs. 499 million), Nyeri (Kshs. 266 million), Kisumu (Kshs. 124 million), Mathira (Kshs. 117 million), Naivasha (Kshs. 106 million), Nol Turesh (Kshs. 101 million), Murang'a South phase II (Kshs. 95 million), Murang'a (Kshs. 37 million) and Murang'a South phase I (Kshs. 20 million).

The number of beneficiaries for the verified subprojects reached 24,952 households or approximately 124,763 people. The beneficiaries from the verified subprojects were broken down by: 114,905 people accessing individual connections, 9,438 people accessing water kiosks and 420 people accessing yard taps.

The project reached out to 40,355 people who now have improved sanitation services while a total of 84,408 people now have access to clean water through individual household connections, yard taps and public water kiosks.

1.9 Summary of Project Compliance:

The project is in compliance with the financing agreement, country laws and regulations. There were no instances of non-compliance during the period.

2. STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST PROJECT'S PREDETRMINED OBJECTIVES

The project development objective (PDO) is to increase the number of people in low income areas with access to improved water supply and sanitation services. The primary beneficiaries of the OBA Fund—are 120,500—residents—of—low—income—areas—who—are—gaining—access—to—water—and—sanitation—services through individual water and sewerage connections, public water and or public sanitation services (water kiosks and public toilets) constructed near or within their areas of residence.

Output indicator	Output Target	Number of people targeted
Number of water connections made under the project	14500	72,500
Number of community water points	40	8,500
Number of sewer connections made under the project	7,906	39,500

Progress on attainment of Strategic development objectives

For purposes of implementing and cascading the above development objectives to specific sectors, all the development objectives were made specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bund (SMART) and converted into development outcomes. Attendant indicators were identified for reasons of tracking progress and performance measurement: Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

udo a de Vicinio de la	Household					
WSPs	Connections	Beneficiaries	Water Kiosks	Beneficiaries	Yard taps	Beneficiaries
Murang'a South I	2,310	11,550	14	4,004	7	420
Murang'a Town	1,285	5,140	1	286		
Nol Turesh	4,009	20,045	8	2,288		
Naivasha	1,596	7,980	10	2,860		
Murang'a South II	3,031	15,155		-		
Nyeri	2,963	14,815				
Embu	5,108	25,540				
Mathira	1,417	7,085		-		
Kisumu	1,519	7,595		-		_
Total	23,238	114,905	33	9,438	7	420

3. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT/ SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

The implemented water supply and sanitation improvement subprojects are assessed on their operational performance through a sustainability test. This is done by reviewing data of at least 80% of the households connected due to the subprojects, which may include:- a) bills issued for services provided and b) the amount paid for the bill, on time.

The aim is to determine if the beneficiaries are accessing the service, that water supply or sanitation services are reaching them. The ability to pay for the water bill and well as the sewerage bill is assessed for profitability check of the WSPs. Since the WSPs are pre-financed by the commercial banks, the sustainability test is also to verify if the WSPs are collecting enough revenue to be able to repay 40% of the loan after the full payment of the 60% OBA subsidy.

4. STATEMENT OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

The WSTF management are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Project for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on June 30, 2021. This responsibility includes:

- (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period;
- (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Project;
- (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud;
- (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Project;
- (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and
- (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

WSTF Management accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Management are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year/period ended June 30, 2021, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. Management further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

Management confirm that the Project has complied fully with applicable Government Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year/period under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

Approval of the Project financial statements

The Project financial statements were approved by the *Chief Executive Officer*, *Project Manager* and the *Chief Manager Finance for* Kenya Urban Water and Sanitation (KUWAS) OBA project on 2021 and signed by them.

Chief Executive Officer

Ismail Fahmy M. Shaiye

Project Manager

Fidelis Tamangani

Chief Manager Finance

FOR Samwel Gitau Mbugua

ICPAK Member Number: 2868

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



Enhancing Accountability

HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON KENYA URBAN WATER AND SANITATION OBA PROJECT FUND FOR LOW INCOME AREAS (PROJECT GRANT CREDIT NUMBER TF 016395-KE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021-WATER SECTOR TRUST FUND

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazetted notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment, and the internal controls developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal control, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kenya Urban Water And Sanitation OBA Project Fund for Low Income Areas set out on pages 1 to 16 which comprise the statement of financial assets as at 30 June, 2021, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and statement of comparative budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenya Urban Water and Sanitation OBA Project Fund for Low Income Areas as at 30 June, 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with Financing Agreement No.TF 016395-KE dated 05 September, 2014 between the Republic of Kenya and the International Development Association (World Bank) and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of Kenya Urban Water and Sanitation OBA Project Fund for Low Income Areas Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

1. Budgetary Control and Performance

The statement of comparative budget and actual amounts reflects actual receipts of Kshs.431,884,030 against a budget of 500,500,000 resulting into a receipts shortfall of Kshs.223,198,477 or 52% of budgeted receipts. Further, the statement reflects final expenditure budget and actual on comparable basis of Kshs.500,500,000 and

Kshs.503,717,208 resulting to an over-expenditure of Kshs.3,217,208 or 1% of the budget.

Management did not provide satisfactory explanation for the shortfall in revenue, which implies that the overall goals and objectives of the Project were not achieved as planned which impacted negatively on service delivery to the public.

2. Overall Project Implementation

The Project commenced on 1 December, 2014 with the expected completion date on 30 November, 2020. The implementation period was however extended to 30 June, 2021. However, as disclosed under the Project Information segment Section 1.7 of the financial statements, as at 30 June, 2021, out of initial Donor commitment of Kshs.1,110,700,000, an amount of Kshs.1,039,660,980 was received resulting in an undrawn balance of Kshs.71,039,020.

Management attributed the under absorption of funds to delays in disbursements of funds by Commercial Banks to Water Service Providers and lapse of Project time.

Other Information

The Program Management is responsible for the other information, which comprises Project Information and Overall Performance, Statement of Performance Against Project's Predetermined Objectives, Corporate Social Responsibility Statement/Sustainability Reporting and Statement of Project Management Responsibilities.

The other information does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter(s) described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

Late Submission of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Project for the year ended 30 June, 2021 were submitted for Audit on 8 October, 2021, eight (8) days after the statutory deadline of 30 September, 2021. This is contrary to Section 81(4) (a) of the Public Finance

Management Act, 2012 which requires accounting officers to submit financial statements to the Auditor-General within three (3) months after the end of each financial year for audit.

The Project Management was therefore in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by the Financing Agreement Number TF 016395-KE dated 5 September, 2014 between the IDA (World Bank) and the Republic of Kenya for Kenya Urban Water and Sanitation OBA Project Fund for Low Income Areas, I report based on my audit, that:

- i. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit;
- ii. In my opinion, adequate accounting records have been kept by the Project, so far as appears from the examination of those records; and,
- iii. The Project's financial statements agree with the accounting records and returns.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Project or to cease operations.

Project Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Project Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the

Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Project's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to continue to sustain its services.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Project to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

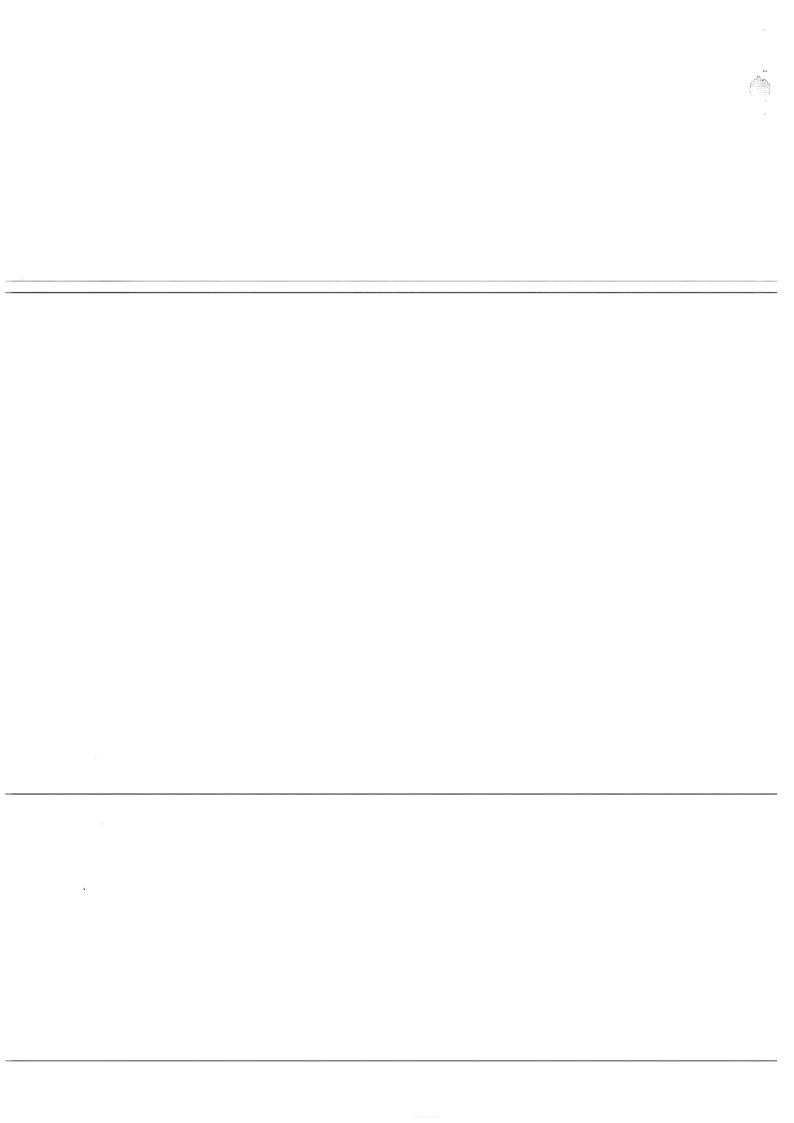
I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

07 December, 2021



STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

6.

		*	707/0707			2019/2020	Cumulative
							to-date
	Receipts	Payments	Total	Receipts	Payments	Total	
	pue	made by		and	made by		
	payment	third		payment	third		
	controlled	parties		controlled	parties		
	by the			by the		Par I	
	entity			entity		-	
	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
10.3	264,123,199	167,760,831	431,884,030	209,801,523	1	209,801,523	1.039.660.980
	264,123,199	167,760,831	431,884,030	209,801,523	Ī	209,801,523	1,039,660,980
			ı				7
			ī				
10.4	5,145,000		5,145,000	13,623,320		13,623,320	44.288.460
10.5	10,495,273	Ĩ	10,495,273	26,929,806		26,929,806	175,822,261
10.6	320,316,104	167,760,831	488,076,935	170,531,079	1	170,531,079	819,499,742
	335,956,377	167,760,831	503,717,208	211,084,205	1	211,084,205	1,039,610,463
	(71,833,178)	T	(71,833,178)	(1,282,682)	•	(1,282,682)	50,517
		controlled by the entity KShs 264,123,199 264,123,199 264,123,199 30,316,104 335,956,377 (71,833,178)	controlled by the entity KShs KShs 264,123,199 167,74 264,123,199 167,74 25,145,000 10,495,273 320,316,104 167,76 335,956,377 167,76 (71,833,178)	controlled parties by the entity KShs KShs 264,123,199 167,760,831 264,123,199 167,760,831 5,145,000 - 10,495,273 10,495,273 167,760,831 335,956,377 167,760,831 (71,833,178) - 10,760,831	controlled parties by the entity KShs KShs KShs KShs KShs 264,123,199 167,760,831 431,884,030 2 264,123,199 167,760,831 431,884,030 2 2,145,000 - 5,145,000 10,495,273 320,316,104 167,760,831 488,076,935 1335,956,377 167,760,831 503,717,208 2 (71,833,178)	controlled by the entity paylient parties controlled by the entity KShs KShs KShs KShs 264,123,199 167,760,831 431,884,030 209,801,523 264,123,199 167,760,831 431,884,030 209,801,523 264,123,199 167,760,831 431,884,030 209,801,523 25,145,000 - - - 5,145,000 - 5,145,000 13,623,320 10,495,273 - 10,495,273 26,929,806 320,316,104 167,760,831 488,076,935 170,531,079 335,956,377 167,760,831 503,717,208 211,084,205 (71,833,178) - (71,833,178) (1,282,682)	controlled by the entity kShs kShs

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Ismail Fahmy M. Shaiye

Project Manager Fidelis Tamangani

Chief Manager Finance Samwel Gitau Mbugua ICPAK Member Number: 2868

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7. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AS AT 30TH JUNE 2021

	Note	2020/2021	2019/2020
			KShs
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash Balances	10.7	50,517	71,883,695
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		50,517	71,883,695
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS		50,517	71,883,695
REPRESENTED BY			
Fund balance b/fwd	10.8	71,883,695	73,166,377
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(71,833,178)	(1,282,682)
		70.71-	54.003. 705
NET FINANCIAL POSITION		50,517	71,883,695

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The financial statements were approved on of the financial statements were approved on of the financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Ismail Fahmy M. Shaiye

Project Manager

Fidelis Tamangani

Chief Manager Finance

Samwel Gitau Mbugua

ICPAK Member Number: 2868

8. STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW FOR THE PERIOD 30TH JUNE 2021

		2020/2021	2019/2020
	Note	KShs	KShs
Receipts for operating activities			10 2 0 1 N
Proceeds from domestic and foreign grants	10.3	431,884,030	209,801,523
Payments for operating activities			
Compensation of employees	10.4	5,145,000	13,623,320
Purchase of goods and services	10.5	10,495,273	26,929,806
Other grants and transfers and payments	10.6	488,076,935	170,531,079
Net cash flow from operating activities		(71,833,178)	(1,282,682)
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of Assets		n = -	-
Net cash flows from Investing Activities			-
CASHFLOW FROM BORROWING ACTIVITIES		- 1	L.
Proceeds from Foreign Borrowings			-
Net cash flow from financing activities			
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT		(71,833,178)	(1,282,682)
Cash and cash equivalent at BEGINNING of the year		71,883,695	73,166,377
Cash and cash equivalent at END of the year		50,517	71,883,695

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 2021 and signed by:

Chief Executive Officer Ismail Fahmy M. Shaiye

Project Manager Fidelis Tamangani Chief Manager Finance

ICPAK Member Number: 2868

of lization d/c %	48%	48%	%06	64%	102%	101%		
ilization -d	(223,198,477)	(223,198,477)	555,000	6,012,227	(9,784,435)	(3,217,208)	to these financial	F
Actual on Comparable Basis	431,884,030	431,884,030	5,145,000	10,495,273	488,076,935	503,717,208	ained in Annex I	
Final Budget	500,500,000	500,500,000	5,700,000	16,507,500	478,292,500	500,500,000	Chief Manage Samwel Gitau ICPAK Mem	
Adjustments	350,500,000	350,500,000	t	Ĭ	350,500,000	350,500,000	es in the last co	co.
	150,000,000	150,000,000	5,700,000	16,507,500	127,792,500	150,000,000	Project Manager Sidelis Tamangani	
	oreign grants			S	payments		utilisation/perfc	
eipts/Payments Item	ceipts ceeds from domestic and f	tal Receipts	yments mpensation of employees	chase of goods and service	ner grants and transfers and	tal Payments	tements. If Executive Officer aail Fahmy M. Shaiye	
	Sudget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % b c=a+b d e=c-d f=d/c	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % a b c=a+b d e=c-d f=d/ 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477)	Actual Deriginal Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % 15 and foreign grants 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 150,3198,477)	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % a b c=a+b d e=c-d f=d/ 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 5,700,000 5,700,000 5,145,000 555,000	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % a b c=a+b d e=c-d f=d/ 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 5,700,000 5,700,000 5,145,000 5,145,000 555,000 16,507,500 - 16,507,507 6,012,227	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % a b c=a+b d e=c-d f=d 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) 5,700,000 5,700,000 5,145,000 5,55,000 16,507,500 - 16,507,500 6,012,227 127,792,500 350,500,000 478,292,500 488,076,935 (9,784,435)	Original Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Difference Utilization % 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) f=c 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) f=c 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 431,884,030 (223,198,477) f=c 16,507,500 - 5,700,000 5,145,000 5,555,000 f=c 16,507,500 - 16,507,500 478,292,500 488,076,935 (9,784,435) 150,000,000 350,500,000 500,500,000 500,500,000 503,717,208 (3,217,208)	Trinal Budget Adjustments Final Budget Comparable Basis Original Budget Adjustments C=a+b C = a+b d E=c-d F=c E=c-d E=c E=

10. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

10.1 Basis of Preparation

10.1.1 Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting under the cash basis of Accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions.

The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

10.1.2 Reporting entity

The financial statements are for the OBA Project under National Government of Kenya. The financial statements encompass the reporting entity as specified in the relevant legislation PFM Act 2012.

10.1.3 Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling.

10.2 Significant Accounting Policies

a) Recognition of receipts

The Project recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs and the related cash has actually been received by the Government.

• Transfers from the Exchequer

Transfer from Exchequer is recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when payment instruction is issued to the bank and notified to the receiving entity.

• External Assistance

External assistance is received through grants and loans from multilateral and bilateral development partners.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Donations and grants

Grants and donations shall be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when a payment advice is received by the recipient entity or by the beneficiary. In case of grant/donation in kind, such grants are recorded upon receipt of the grant item and upon determination of the value. The date of the transaction is the value date indicated on the payment advice.

Proceeds from borrowing

Borrowing includes Treasury bill, treasury bonds, corporate bonds, sovereign bonds and external loans acquired by the Project or any other debt the Project may take on will be treated on cash basis and recognized as a receipt during the year they were received.

Undrawn external assistance

These are loans and grants at reporting date as specified in a binding agreement and relate to funding for the Project currently under development where conditions have been satisfied or their ongoing satisfaction is highly likely and the project is anticipated to continue to completion. An analysis of the Project's undrawn external assistance is shown in the funding summary

• Other receipts

These include Appropriation-in-Aid and relates to receipts such as proceeds from disposal of assets and sale of tender documents. These are recognised in the financial statements the time associated cash is received.

b) Recognition of payments

The Project recognises all payments when the event occurs and the related cash has actually been paid out by the Project.

• Compensation of employees

Salaries and Wages, Allowances, Statutory Contribution for employees are recognized in the period when the compensation is paid.

• Use of goods and services

Goods and services are recognized as payments in the period when the goods/services are consumed and paid for. If not paid for during the period where goods/services are consumed, they shall be disclosed as pending bills.

Interest on borrowing

Borrowing costs that include interest are recognized as payment in the period in which they incurred and paid for.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Repayment of borrowing (principal amount)

The repayment of principal amount of borrowing is recognized as payment in the period in which the repayment is made. The stock of debt is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

· Acquisition of fixed assets

The payment on acquisition of property plant and equipment items is not capitalized. The cost of acquisition and proceeds from disposal of these items are treated as payments and receipts items respectively. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration and the fair value of the asset can be reliably established, a contra transaction is recorded as receipt and as a payment.

A fixed asset register is maintained by each public entity and a summary provided for purposes of consolidation. This summary is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

c) In-kind donations

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the Project in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the Project includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as receipts and as payments in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

Restriction on cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

e) Accounts receivable

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

f) Pending bills

Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years. As pending bills do not involve the payment of cash in the reporting period, they recorded as 'memorandum' or 'off-balance' items to provide a sense of the overall net cash position of the Project at the end of the year. When the pending bills are finally settled, such payments are included in the statement of receipts and payments in the year in which the payments are made.

g) Budget

The budget is developed on a comparable accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis (except for accounts receivable - outstanding imprest and clearance accounts and accounts payable - deposits, which are accounted for on an accrual basis), and for the same period as the financial statements. The Project's budget was approved as required by Law and National Treasury Regulations, as well as by the participating development partners, as detailed in the Government of Kenya Budget Printed Estimates for the year. The Development Projects are budgeted for under the MDAs but receive budgeted funds as transfers and account for them separately. These transfers are recognised as inter-entity transfers and are eliminated upon consolidation.

A high-level assessment of the Project's actual performance against the comparable budget for the financial year/period under review has been included in an annex to these financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h) Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates, Kenya Shillings. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of receipts and payments.

i) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

j) Errors

Material prior period errors shall be corrected retrospectively in the first set of financial statements authorized for issue after their discovery by: i. Restating the comparative amounts for prior period(s) presented in which the error occurred; or ii. If the error occurred before the earliest prior period presented, restating the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets/equity for the earliest prior period presented.

KENYA URBAN WATER AND SANITATION (KUWAS) OBA PROJECT Draft Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the financial year ended June 30, 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10.3 PROCEEDS FROM DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GRANTS

During the 12 months to 30 June 2021 we received grants from donors as detailed in the table below:

Name of Donor	Date received	Amount received in donor currency	Grants received in cash	Grants received as direct payment*	Grants received in kind	Total amount in KShs FY 2020/2021
	1 2 2 2 2 2	USD	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Grants	Received fro	m Bilateral Do	onors			
World Bank	09.07.2020	514,111	54,696,282	-	-	54,696,282
World Bank	21.09.2020	741,112	80,174,416	-	-	80,174,416
World Bank	16.10.2020		69,825,584	-	-	69,825,584
World Bank	06.01.2021	1,190,968	59,426,917			59,426,917
World Bank	27.04.2021	1,410,724.95		152,710,976	-	152,710,976
World Bank	04.05.2021	139,998.65		15,049,855	_	15,049,855
Total		3,996,914.60	264,123,199	167,760,831	-	431,884,030

10.4 COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES

This relates to salary cost and per diem allowances paid to the program manager during the period.

Description	(Kshs)
Program manager salary	2,500,000
Program manager gratuity	1,905,000
Per diem	740,000
Total	5,145,000

10.5 PURCHASE OF GOODS AND SERVICES

	All Value of the	FY 2020/202	1	Cumulative to- date
	Payments made by the Entity in Cash	Payments made by third parties	Total Payments	
	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs
Independent verification agent	2,071,950	-	2,071,950	25,811,452
Publicity and workshop	-	-	-	7,964,634
Administrative overheads	2,674,045	-	2,674,045	21,429,401
Capacity building for subproject design and implementation	5,749,278	_	5,749,278	120,616,774
Total	10,495,273		10,495,273	175,822,261

10.6 OBA SUBSIDIES FOR WATER AND SANITATION SUBPROJECTS

This relates to subsidies issued to water service providers during the period as follows:-

Date	Entity	KShs
14 July 2020	Embu Water and Sanitation Company Ltd	67,000,000
23 July 2020	Embu Water and Sanitation Company Ltd	50,000,000
06 October 2020	Mathira Water and Sanitation Company	43,641,609
06 October 2020	Muranga South Water and Sanitation Limited	23,100,000
06 October 2020	Embu Water and Sanitation Company Ltd	2,554,973
27 October 2020	Nyeri Water and Sewerage Company Ltd	62,194,408
27 October 2020	Muranga South Water and Sanitation Limited	7,605,591
13 January 2021	Kisumu Water and Sewerage co. Ltd	38,073,668
19 January 2021	Nyeri Water and Sewerage Company	26,145,855
27 April 2021	Embu Water and Sanitation Company Ltd	152,710,976
04 May 2021	Nyeri Water and Sewerage Company Ltd	15,049,855
Total		488,076,935

10.7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CARRIED FORWARD

Description	2020/2021
	KShs
Cash and cash equivalent OBA I	49,718
Cash and cash equivalent OBA II	799
Total	50,517

The project has 2 number of project accounts spread within the project implementation area and 1 number of foreign currency designated accounts managed by the National Treasury as listed below:

10.7 A Bank Accounts

Project Bank Accounts

	2020/2021
	KShs
Foreign Currency Accounts	
Central Bank of Kenya [A/c No 1000228121]	-
Total Foreign Currency balances	=
Local Currency Accounts	
National Bank of Kenya [A/C No 3311001]	49,718
National Bank of Kenya [A/C No 3311002]	799
Total local currency balances	50,517
Total bank account balances	50,517

Special Deposit Accounts

The balances in the Project's Special Deposit Account(s) as at 30th June 2021 are not included in the Statement of Financial Assets since they are below the line items and are yet to be drawn into the Exchequer Account as a voted provision.

Below is the Special Deposit Account (SDA) movement schedule which shows the flow of funds that were voted in the year. These funds have been reported as loans/grants received in the year under the Statement of Receipts and Payments.

Special Deposit Accounts Movement Schedule

	2020/2021
	KShs
(i) A/C Name [A/c No 1000228121]	
Opening balance	741,112
Total amount deposited in the account	1,705,079
Total amount withdrawn (as per Statement of Receipts & Payments)	(2,446,191)
Closing balance (as per SDA bank account reconciliation attached)	=

10.8 FUND BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD

	2020/2021	2019/2020
	KShs	KShs
Bank accounts	71,883,695	73,166,377
Total	71,883,695	73,166,377

11. PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Focal Point person to resolve the issue	Status:	Timeframe:
4.1	According to information reflected in the annual report and financial statements, the Project commencement date was 1st December 2014 with an expected completion date of 30th November 2020. However, this Project whose Donor commitment was Kshs. 1,183,500,000 has only absorbed Kshs. 607,776,950 which accounts for 51% of the overall commitment.	The OBA Project was extended to 30 November, 2020 due to delays in subproject implementation as a result of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). The extension will enable the subprojects to complete works and the disbursement of the outstanding subsidies for completion of physical works and household connections.	Project Manager	Resolved	Not applicable
4.2	The content of the financial statement under project information and overall performance the note 1.6 currently shows roles and responsibilities of only one staff. An addition should be made to include the individuals	The management has noted the recommendation and has incorporated other additional staff directly involved in the management and operation of the OBA project in the financial report.	Chief Manager Finance	Resolved	Not applicable

11. PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

Timeframe:	Not applicable	Not applicable
Status:	Resolved	Resolved
Focal Point person to resolve the issue	Project Manager	Chief Manager Finance
Management comments	The OBA Project was extended to 30 November, 2020 due to delays in subproject implementation as a result of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). The extension will enable the subprojects to complete works and the disbursement of the outstanding subsidies for completion of physical works and household connections.	The management has noted the recommendation and has incorporated other additional staff directly involved in the management and operation of the OBA project in the
Issue / Observations from Auditor	According to information reflected in the annual report and financial statements, the Project commencement date was 1st December 2014 with an expected completion date of 30th November 2020. However, this Project whose Donor commitment was Kshs. 1,183,500,000 has only absorbed Kshs. 607,776,950 which accounts for 51% of the overall commitment.	Presentation and disclosure The content of the financial statement under project information and overall performance the note 1.6 currently shows roles and responsibilities of only one staff. An addition should be
Reference No. on the external audit Report	1.1	4.2

Reference No. on the external audit	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Focal Point person to resolve the issue	Status:	Timeframe:
	WSTF amended clauses of OBA operation manual specifically on disbursement of subsidy payment structure. Audit revealed there were communication from WSTF to World Bank requesting approval of the proposed changes on the operation manual however there was no evidence of approval since World Bank replied it's the duty of the recipient (The National Treasury) to request for the amendments and modification of the manual from the World Bank as per the legal agreement.	submitted to Ministry and National Treasury. National Treasury will then write to the Bank for this request.			
4.6	Unrecorded amount. Kshs.3, 720,000 It was observed that the following cashbook amount of Kshs. 3,720,000 posted on 19/07/2019 being payment of project manager gratuity was not recorded in the OBA general ledger but the amount was posted in the cashbook	The management has noted the recommendation and a reconciliation of the cashbook and general ledger has been done and the amount subsequently recorded in the OBA general ledger.	Chief Manager Finance	Resolved	Not applicable

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Focal Point person to resolve the issue	Status:	Timeframes
4.7	For the period 1st January 2020 to 31st May 2020, WSTF awarded contracts to four short term consultants being technical consultant (Kshs 3,100,000), ESIA consultant (Kshs 3,100,000), ESIA consultant (Kshs 3,100,000), through single source selection method. Through the awards were made based on a requested from the project manager to the CEO. There was no evidence of procurement process and therefore the procurement of the four consultants amounting to Kshs 5,100,000 was done unprocedurally.	There were two consultants who were rehired under the OBA project being the technical consultant and the ESIA consultant using direct procurement. The extension of the two contracts followed the approval of the OBA project by the World Bank from 31 December, 2019 to 31 May, 2020. The Senior Procurement Officer reviewed the request and provided his professional opinion on the request.	Project Manager	Resolved	Not applicable

ANNEX 1 - VARIANCE EXPLANATIONS - COMPARATIVE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

	Kinal	Actual on	Budget	,%o	
	et	Comparable Basis	Utilization Difference	ilizatio	Comments on Variance
	а	9	c=a-b	d=b/a %	
Receipts	5 () () () () () () () () () (
Proceeds from domestic and foreign grants	500,500,000	431,884,030	68,615,970	%98	The funds requested were lower since withdrawal applications are based on the expenditure incurred in a quarter.
Total Receipts	500,500,000	431,884,030	68,615,970	%98	
Payments					
Compensation of employees	5,700,000	5,145,000	555,000	%06	The underspend is due to reduced monitoring activities due to the restriction of travel due to the Covid-19 pandemic.
	·				Publicity & workshops: The project did not undertake workshops due to Covid-19, other workshops were suspended.
Purchase of goods and services	16,507,500	10,495,273	6,012,227	64%	Administration overheads: Due to Covid-19, the sustainability testing of projects was suspended from February, 2020 up to June, 2020 resulting in a low expenditure
					Capacity building for project design and implementation. Payment for TA funding for supervising consultants was delayed due to delayed completion of projects.
Other grants and transfers and payments	478,292,500	488,076,935	-9,784,435	102%	There was an overspend since payment of subsidies is based on the actual loan amount and interest

		expense which can only be determined from the final payment certificate and interest computation.		,			r: 5
Comments on Variance		expense which can ohl final payment certifiça					
% of Utilization	d=b/a %		8 101%				
budget Utilization Difference	3000		8 -3,217,208				6
Actual on Comparable Basis	Р		0 503,717,208				19
Final Budget	a		500,500,000		1		
			Total Payments				