



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT – (FIFTH SESSION)

THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

ORDERS OF THE DAY

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 2026 AT 9.30 A.M.

ORDER OF BUSINESS

PRAYERS

1. Administration of Oath
2. Communication from the Chair
3. Messages
4. Petitions
5. Papers
6. Notices of Motion
7. Questions and Statements

8*. COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

- (i) The Breastfeeding Mothers Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 8 of 2024)
(The Hon. Sabina Chege, M.P.)
- (ii) The Sports (Amendment) Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 5 of 2026)
(The Hon. Irene Mayaka, M.P.)

9*. THE EMPLOYMENT (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 62 OF 2023)
(The Hon. Didmus Barasa, M.P.)

Second Reading

(Resumption of debate interrupted on Wednesday, August 12, 2026 – Morning Sitting)
(Balance of time – 1 hour 23 minutes)

10*. THE MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 25 OF 2025)
(The Hon. Mukunji Gitonga, M.P.)

Second Reading

11*. MOTION: 001/2026 – MANDATORY GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING PROGRAMME IN ALL PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN KENYA
(The Hon. Rahab Mukami, M.P.)

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THAT, aware that, learners in primary and secondary schools across the country are increasingly exposed to social, psychological and behavioural challenges, including drug and substance abuse, indiscipline, school unrest and academic underperformance; noting that, there has been a disturbing rise in cases of sexual violence against children, including incidents where minors are abused or killed by individuals known to them, including relatives and caregivers, thereby exposing learners to trauma and long-term psychological harm; further noting that, many learners come from homes affected by domestic violence, family instability, economic hardship and other social pressures that adversely affect their emotional wellbeing, safety and concentration in school; concerned that, guidance and services in most primary and secondary schools remain informal, inadequately structured and under-resourced, with no standardized national framework to ensure professionalism, accountability and effective delivery; appreciating that, structured psychosocial support, life skills training, child protection awareness and early intervention during formative years are critical in safeguarding learners, strengthening resilience, promoting discipline and improving academic outcomes; this House therefore **resolves** that, the Government, through the Ministry of Education: -

- (i) introduces a mandatory, structured and time-tabled Guidance and Counselling Programme in all public and private primary and secondary schools in Kenya;
- (ii) develops and implements a national policy framework providing for the recruitment, accreditation and deployment of professionally trained school counsellors;
- (iii) integrates mental health education, child protection awareness, personal safety training and life skills development into the school curriculum;
- (iv) allocates adequate resources to support counselling services in schools; and
- (v) establishes clear coordination and referral mechanisms between schools, child protection institutions and relevant government agencies to ensure effective safeguarding of learners.

12*. MOTION: 002/2026 –

POLICY TO DEVELOP A STRUCTURED ENGAGEMENT OF NATIONAL YOUTH SERVICE GRADUATES AS SECURITY OFFICERS IN GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS

(The Hon. Gertrude Mbeyu, M.P.)

THAT, aware that approximately 18,000 youth graduate from the National Youth Service (NYS) annually; further aware that, Article 55 of the Constitution requires the State to take measures, including affirmative action programmes to ensure that the youth access training, employment and opportunities to participate fully in the social, economic and political life of the nation; appreciating that, the Government has in the recent years rolled out deliberate programmes aimed at equipping NYS graduates with skills for employment into the disciplined services and key sectors which include agriculture, construction and security; noting that, government institutions continue to engage private security firms to supplement uniformed officers in providing security services, thereby incurring significant recurrent expenditure; further noting that, the NYS graduates possess foundational training in discipline, security awareness, public service ethics and emergency response, making them suitable for deployment within government institutions; recognising that, there is need to have a balanced approach that promotes youth employment through structured engagement of the NYS graduates, while preserving opportunities for private security firms to continue to

...../12*(Cont'd)

operate and partner with government institutions; this House therefore **resolves** that the National government develops and implements a policy framework and guidelines to steer government ministries, departments, agencies, on—

- (i) prioritisation of engagement of the National Youth Service graduates to provide supplementary security services to public entities;
- (ii) the criteria for determination of a formula for allotment of a quota of provision of security services in public entities to the NYS graduates, and private security services firms; and
- (iii) modalities for structured recruitment, deployment and terms of service, including remuneration, training and career progression for NYS graduates engaged to provide supplementary security to government entities.

13*. MOTION: 003/2026 – FORMULATION OF A POLICY ON POWER SUBSIDIES FOR EXPORT-ORIENTED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION

(The Hon. Gathoni Wamuchomba, M.P.)

THAT, aware that agriculture remains the backbone of Kenya's economy, contributing substantially to the GDP, rural employment, and foreign exchange earnings, with key export crops such as coffee, tea, avocados, cut flowers, macadamia nuts, cashew nuts, and related horticultural produce collectively accounting for a significant share of the country's total export value; further aware that these commodities are largely produced for the export market, positioning Kenya as a global leader in cut-flower exports, one of Africa's largest producers and exporters of avocados and macadamia nuts, and a major supplier of tea and coffee; noting that the commencement of duty-free access to the Chinese market for these products effective May 2026 presents a historic opportunity to widely expand export earnings, create thousands of rural jobs, promote value addition, and strengthen the country's position in global agricultural trade; concerned that the high cost of electricity in Kenya, as evidenced by commercial and industrial rates significantly exceeding those of regional competitors such as Ethiopia and Tanzania, continues to erode the competitiveness of export-oriented agriculture by inflating the costs of critical operations such as irrigation, cold-chain storage and logistics, processing, drying, grading, packaging, and other value-addition activities essential for meeting stringent international quality, food safety, and phytosanitary standards; cognisant that affordable and reliable power supply is a critical input for smallholder farmers, farmer cooperatives, aggregators, and agro-processors engaged in these export crops; further cognisant that the lack of targeted electricity subsidies has led to reduced profitability, discouraged investment in modern technologies such as solar-assisted irrigation and energy-efficient cold rooms, and increased vulnerability to global price volatility and climate shocks; acknowledging that whereas, the National Energy Policy 2025–2034 and the Policy Framework for Sustainable Financing and Subsidy Management in Agriculture provide a broad foundation for targeted interventions, no specific mechanisms exist on subsidised electricity tariffs exclusively for export-oriented agricultural production, processing, and related infrastructure; now therefore, this House **resolves** that the Cabinet Secretary for Energy and Petroleum formulates a National Policy on Power Subsidies for Export-Oriented Agricultural Production that provides for tiered electricity tariff

subsidies including off-peak and time-of-use rates, exclusively for registered producers, cooperatives, processors and exporters of coffee, tea, avocados, cut flowers, macadamia nuts, cashew nuts and other designated export crops.

14*. **MOTION: 004/2026 – STREAMLINING ADMISSION, CAPITATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT IN SENIOR SCHOOLS**

(The Hon. Clive Gisairo, M.P.)

THAT, aware that, Kenya's education sector has faced escalating infrastructure pressures culminating in overstretched facilities, particularly in boarding schools; concerned that, despite the introduction of an online learner placement portal in December 2025 by the Ministry of Education to widen access and expedite transfers among schools, there continues to be inequitable outcomes, disproportionately disadvantaging rural learners who suffer digital exclusion; acknowledging that, parental preference for Category 1 (C-1) and Category 2 (C-2) schools owing to their improved infrastructure, including boarding amenities, causes over-enrolment in C-1 and C-2 schools; recalling that, during the inaugural admission of Grade 10 learners into Senior Schools in January 2026 under the Competency Based Curriculum, some C-1 and C-2 schools invariably admitted learners at double or more of their approved capacity; noting that, this tendency leaves most Category 3 (C-3) and Category 4 (C-4) schools severely under-enrolled, some below their viable enrolment capacity; concerned that the current capitation model based on the number of learners per school is not only misaligned with actual school facilities but also encourages over-enrollment by some schools in pursuit of higher capitation funding; observing that, the resultant overcrowding in C-1 and C-2 schools has eroded the recommended teacher-to-student ratio of 1:40, fueled teacher burnout; diminished instructional quality; affected individual learner attention; overstretched facilities; and compromised learner-safety in cases of emergencies; now therefore, this House **resolves** that, the Ministry of Education, in collaboration with other relevant government agencies and stakeholders

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- (i) recalibrates the education capitation formula to reflect actual infrastructural capacity and ensure that schools receive proportional and equitable capitation so as to incentivise enrolment diversification and achieve equitable distribution of learners across the school categories;
 - (ii) develops and enforces guidelines for capping the number of streams per category of schools at a maximum of ten for C-1 schools, eight for C-2, five for C-3, and three for C-4 schools, with each stream not exceeding forty students; and
 - (iii) implements a targeted and accelerated infrastructure upgrade programme in C-3 and C-4 schools, including classrooms, laboratories, ICT hubs, boarding sanitation and amenities so as to achieve infrastructure standardisation across all categories of schools, safeguard the quality of education, and systematically eliminate overcrowding in C-1 and C-2 schools.

15*. MOTION: 005/2026 – RECRUITMENT AND REMUNERATION OF COMMUNITY HEALTH PROMOTERS
(The Hon. George Murugara, M.P.)

THAT, aware that, the Community Health Promoters (CHPs) play an integral role in the delivery of primary health care at the community level by providing basic health services, including health promotion and education, disease prevention and early detection, support for maternal and child health interventions and community mobilisation; further aware that, Community Health Promoters serve as the first point of contact between households and the formal health system; concerned that, despite their important contribution to the realisation of the universal health coverage and the attainment of the highest attainable standard of health under Article 43(1) of the Constitution, Community Health Promoters continue to discharge these critical duties with inadequate facilitation and insufficient remuneration; acknowledging that, proper facilitation, motivation and fair remuneration of Community Health Promoters would enhance service delivery, strengthen preventive health care and reduce pressure on health facilities; cognizant of the fact that health policy is a function of the National Government, now therefore, this House **resolves** that the National Government formulates and implements a policy framework to guide on the recruitment and remuneration of the Community Health Promoters across the country.

16*. MOTION: 006/2026 – NATIONAL SENSITISATION AND SUPPORT FOR COMBATING SICKLE CELL AND HAEMOPHILIA DISEASES
(The Hon. Peter Nabulindo, M.P.)

THAT, aware that Article 43(1) of the Constitution entitles every person to the right to the highest attainable standard of health, which includes the right to health care services; further aware that, every year, an estimated 14,000 children born in Kenya suffer from sickle cell and haemophilia diseases, with the highest prevalence rate being within Western, Nyanza and Coastal Regions; concerned that, failure to undertake sickle cell and haemophilia screening at birth hinders timely administration of appropriate treatment and other mitigation measures to forestall high infant mortality caused by preventable diseases like malaria; cognizant that, national population surveys does not include data on sickle cell and haemophilia diseases; concerned that, the dearth of data and information negatively hinders prioritization of resources and implementation of sickle cell disease management programs; recognizing that, the number infant deaths caused by the disease continues to grow as a result of underfunding due to lack of data on the number of cases of the killer disease; now therefore, this House **resolves** that the National Government, through the Ministry of Health, and in conjunction with county governments –

- (i) conducts awareness and sensitization programmes on sickle cell and haemophilia diseases and supports research and training for medical personnel on the two diseases; and

- (ii) puts in place measures for mandatory screening of newborns sickle cell and haemophilia diseases in all public health facilities in the country in order to create a database to guide funding and other interventions aimed at curbing the diseases and reducing infant mortalities resulting from the diseases.

Denotes Orders of the Day

NOTICES

I. THE BREASTFEEDING MOTHERS BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 8 OF 2024)

Notice is given that the Chairperson of the Departmental Committee on Social Protection intends to move the following amendments to the Breastfeeding Mothers Bill, 2024 at the Committee Stage—

CLAUSE 2

THAT, clause 2 of the Bill be amended in the definition of the term “baby” by deleting the words “within zero to twenty-four months” and substituting therefor the words “within zero to thirty-six months”.

CLAUSE 4

THAT, clause 4 of the Bill be amended in subclause (3) by inserting the following new paragraph immediately after paragraph (b)—

“(ba) provide for a care giver to take care of a baby while at the lactation place;”

CLAUSE 11

THAT, clause 11 of the Bill be amended in subclause (2) by deleting the words “and certification” appearing in paragraph (g) and substituting therefore the words “certification and monitoring.”

II. THE SPORTS (AMENDMENT) BILL (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 5 OF 2026)

Notice is given that the Chairperson of the Departmental Committee on Sports and Culture intends to move the following amendments to the Sports (Amendment) Bill, 2026 at the Committee Stage—

CLAUSE 2

THAT, clause 2 of the Bill be amended by deleting the proposed definition of the term “manipulation of a sports competition” and substituting therefor the following new definition—

“manipulation of a sports competition” means an intentional arrangement, act or omission aimed at an improper alteration of the result or the course of a sports competition in order to remove all or part of the unpredictable nature of the sports competition with a view to obtaining an undue advantage for oneself or for others.

CLAUSE 3

THAT, the Bill be amended by deleting clause 3 and substituting therefor the following new clause—

Insertion of a new
section into Cap. 223.

3. The principal Act is amended by inserting the following new section immediately after section 54—

Investigation of
manipulation of a
sports
competition.

54A. (1) Where there are reasonable grounds to believe that a person has committed the offence of manipulation of a sports competition under this Act, the matter shall be investigated by—

- (a) the Directorate of Criminal Investigations in accordance with this Act and any other applicable law; and
- (b) the relevant sports organization to which the person belongs, in accordance with its constitution, rules, regulations, codes of conduct or disciplinary procedures.

(2) The investigations under subsection (1) shall be independent of each other and neither investigation shall be dependent upon the commencement, progress, suspension, conclusion or outcome of the other.

(3) For the purposes of an investigation under this section, a relevant sports organization may—

- (a) require any athlete, coach, technical official, referee, administrator, club, league, intermediary, support personnel or any other person subject to its jurisdiction to provide information, records or explanations relevant to the investigation;
- (b) interview any person subject to its jurisdiction;
- (c) cooperate and exchange information with law enforcement agencies, regulatory bodies, betting regulators, sports organizations and other competent authorities, subject to any applicable law relating to confidentiality and data protection; and
- (d) take any other reasonable investigative measures authorized by its rules and regulations.

(4) The imposition of a disciplinary sanction by a relevant sports organization under section 64A shall not prevent the Directorate of

Criminal Investigations from investigating any criminal liability arising from an act of manipulation of a sports competition.

(5) In conducting investigations under this section, both the Directorate of Criminal Investigations and the relevant sports organization shall afford any person under investigation the right to be heard before any adverse finding or sanction is made, except where interim measures are necessary to protect the integrity of a sports competition.

CLAUSE 4

THAT, the Bill be amended by deleting clause 4.

CLAUSE 5

THAT, the Bill be amended by deleting clause 5 and substituting therefor the following new clause—

Insertion of a new section into Cap. 223.

5. The principal Act is amended by inserting the following new section immediately after section 64—

Offence and
penalties for
manipulation of a
sports
competition.

64A. (1) A person who participates directly or indirectly or aids, enables or assists in the manipulation of a sports competition commits an offence.

(2) A person who commits an offence under this section shall, on conviction, be liable to—

- (a) a fine not exceeding three times the value that was the subject of a manipulation of a sports competition or ten million shillings, whichever is higher; or
- (b) imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years; or
- (c) both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Despite subsection (2), where a relevant sports organization finds that a person committed the act of manipulation of a sports competition, the relevant sports organization may impose such disciplinary sanctions as may be provided under its rules and regulations, including—

- (a) reprimands or warnings;
- (b) fines;

- (c) suspension from participation in sporting activities;
- (d) temporary or permanent bans from participation in any sport or sports-related activity;
- (e) de-registration or cancellation of registration;
- (f) re-registration subject to such conditions as the organization may determine;
- (g) forfeiture of any proceeds or benefits gained as a result of the manipulation of a sports competition; or
- (h) any other disciplinary measure authorized under its governing instruments.

(4) Where the act of manipulation of a sports competition is committed by a sports club or sports association, the sports club or sports association may be sanctioned with the forfeiture of the outcome of the match that was the subject of the manipulation.

LIMITATION OF DEBATE

The House resolved on Wednesday, February 11, 2026 as follows-

Limitation of Debate on Individual Members' Bills

- III. THAT**, each speech in a debate on **Bills NOT sponsored by a Committee, the Leader of the Majority Party or the Leader of the Minority Party** be limited as follows: A maximum of three hours and thirty minutes, with not more than thirty (30) minutes for the Mover in moving and ten (10) minutes in replying, a maximum of thirty (30) minutes for the Chairperson of the relevant Committee and a maximum of ten (10) minutes for any other Member speaking, except the Leader of the Majority Party and the Leader of the Minority Party, who shall be limited to a maximum of fifteen minutes (15) each; and that priority in speaking be accorded to the Leader of the Majority Party, the Leader of the Minority Party and the Chairperson of the relevant Departmental Committee, in that order.

Limitation of Debate on Motions

- IV. THAT**, each speech in a debate on any **Motion, including a Special motion** shall be limited as follows: A maximum of three hours with not more than twenty (20) minutes for the Mover and ten (10) minutes for each other Member speaking, except the Leader of the Majority Party and the Leader of the Minority Party, who shall be limited to a maximum of fifteen (15) minutes each, and that ten (10) minutes before the expiry of the time, the Mover shall be called upon to reply; and that priority in speaking be accorded to the Leader of the Majority Party, the Leader of the Minority Party and the Chairperson of the relevant Departmental Committee, in that order.
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NOTICE PAPER

Tentative business for

Wednesday (Afternoon), August 19, 2026

(Published pursuant to Standing Order 38(1))

It is notified that the following business is tentatively scheduled to appear in the Order Paper for Wednesday (Afternoon), August 19, 2026—

A. **SPECIAL MOTION - CONSIDERATION OF A NOMINEE FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

(The Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Labour)

B. **SPECIAL MOTION - CONSIDERATION OF A NOMINEE FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE INDEPENDENT POLICING OVERSIGHT AUTHORITY**

(The Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Administration & Internal Security)

C. **MOTION - NINTH REPORT ON THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR VARIOUS STATE CORPORATIONS**

(The Chairperson, Public Investments Committee on Social Services, Administration and Agriculture)

(Question to be put)

D. **MOTION - SEVENTH REPORT ON THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR VARIOUS FUNDS**

(The Chairperson, Special Funds Accounts Committee)

(Question to be put)

E. **MOTION - CONSIDERATION OF SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 5 OF 2026 ON THE NATIONAL ENERGY POLICY**

(The Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Energy)

(Question to be put)

F. **THE COUNTY ASSEMBLY SERVICES (AMENDMENT) BILL (SENATE BILL NO. 34 OF 2023)**

(The Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Labour)
Second Reading

(Question to be put)

G. **MOTION - THIRD REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF REPORTS ON PETITIONS AND HOUSE RESOLUTIONS**

(The Chairperson, Committee on Implementation)
(Resumption of debate interrupted on Tuesday, August 18, 2026)
(Balance of time 2 hours)

H. COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

The Business Laws (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bill No. 51 of 2024)
(The Leader of the Majority Party)

**I. MOTION - FIFTH REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION STATUS
OF REPORTS ON PETITIONS AND HOUSE
RESOLUTIONS**

(The Chairperson, Committee on Implementation)

**J. MOTION – CONSIDERATION OF SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 4 OF 2026
ON THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM POLICY**

(The Chairperson, Departmental Committee on Energy)
